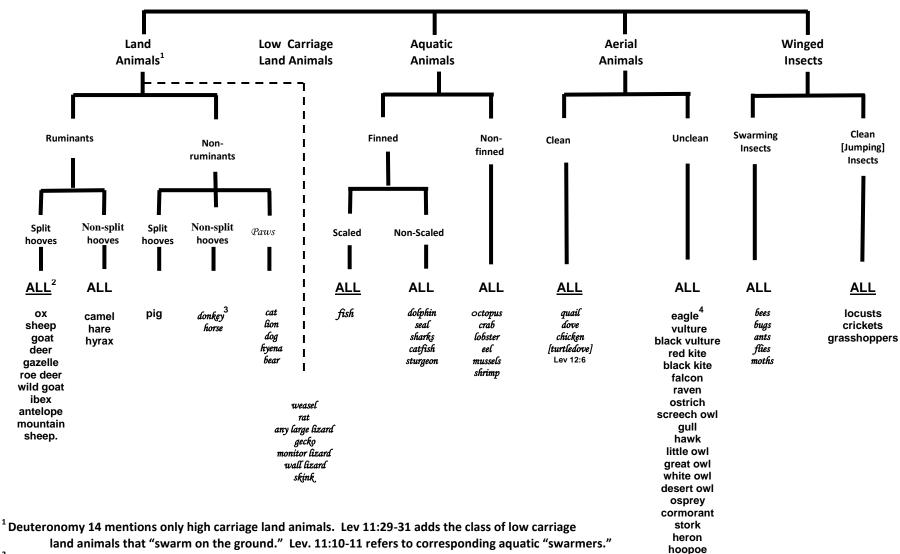
Veritas Class August 31, 2014

Righteousness in Securing the Well-Being of the Vulnerable Deuteronomy 21:22–22:8

- I. Maintaining the Well-being of Female Prisoners of War (Deuteronomy 21:10–14)
- II. Maintaining the Well-Being of an Unloved Wife and a Firstborn Son (Deuteronomy 21:15-17)
- III. Maintaining the Well-being of the Parents and the Community of an Incorrigible Son (Deut 21:18-21)
- IV. Maintaining the Well-being of the Land (Deut 21:22–23)
- V. Maintaining the Well-being of Domestic Animals (Deut 22:1–4)
 - A. Righteousness Regarding Lost Property (vv. 1–3)
 - 1. The basic principle, charging the return of straying animals to their owner (v. 1)
 - 2. A qualification of the basic principle governing the case of an animal that has strayed so far from its owner that the finder does not know to whom it belongs (v. 2)
 - 3. The extension of the principle to include donkeys, clothing, and any other property (v. 3)
 - B. Righteousness Regarding Abused Animals (v. 4)
 - C. Implications for Us?
- VI. Maintaining the Well-being of Wild Creatures (Deut 22:6–8)
 - A. The Context (v.6a)
 - B. The Response (vv. 6b-7a)
 - C. The Motivation (v. 7b)
 - D. Implications for Us?

Taxonomy of Clean and Unclean Animals according to Leviticus 11 and Deuteronomy 14



² Underlined: permitted as food.

bat

³ Italic font: examples, not named in Leviticus 11 or Deuteronomy 14.

⁴The identity of some of these birds is uncertain.